

# ISOLATED DC-DC CONVERTER CFDFR400 SERIES



Model Number	Input	Output	Output Current		Input Curr	ent	(%) EFF.		Capacitive Load Max.	
ineder (turnise)	Voltage	Voltage	Min.	Max.	No Load	Full Load	(2)	(3)	(4,5,6)	
CFDFR400-24S05		5Vpc		80A	600mA	19.05A	86.5	87.5	10000uF	
CFDFR400-24S12		12Vpc		33.3A	120mA	19.36A	85	86	10000uF	
CFDFR400-24S24	9-36VDC	24V <sub>DC</sub>	0mA	16.7A	120mA	19.19A	88	87	4700uF	
CFDFR400-24S28		28Vpc		14.3A	120mA	19.18A	86.5	87	4700uF	
CFDFR400-24S48		48V <sub>DC</sub>		8.3A	120mA	19.19A	85.5	86.5	2200uF	
CFDFR400-48S05		5V <sub>DC</sub>		80A	300mA	9.36A	88.5	89	10000uF	
CFDFR400-48S12		12V <sub>DC</sub>		33.3A	60mA	9.41A	88.5	88.5	10000uF	
CFDFR400-48S24	18-75VDC	24V <sub>DC</sub>	0mA	16.7A	60mA	9.28A	90	90	4700uF	
CFDFR400-48S28		28V <sub>DC</sub>		14.3A	60mA	9.27A	90.5	90	4700uF	
CFDFR400-48S48		48V <sub>DC</sub>		8.3A	60mA	9.27A	88	89.5	2200uF	

#### NOTE:

- 1.Nominal Input Voltage24,48V<sub>DC</sub>.
- 2.Measured at 12V<sub>DC</sub> for 24Vin,24V<sub>DC</sub> for 48Vin.
- 3. Measured at Nominal Input Voltage.
- 4. The output terminal of 12V,24V,28V Vout models required a minimum capacitor 330uF to maintain specified regulation
- 5. The output terminal of 5Vout models required a minimum capacitor 680uF to maintain specified regulation
- 6. The output terminal of 48 Vout models required a minimum capacitor 100 uF to maintain specified regulation

# **CFDFR400 Series**

# DC/DC CONVERTER



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#### 1. Introduction

This specification describes the features and functions of Chewins's CFDFR400W series of isolated DC-DC Converters. These are highly efficient, reliable and compact, high power density, single output DC/DC converters. The modules can be used in the field of telecommunications, data communications, wireless communications, servers, base station, etc. The CFDFR400W series can deliver up to 80A output current and provide a precisely regulated output voltage over a wide range of 9-36 and 18-75VDC. The modules can achieve high efficiency up to 90%. The module offers direct cooling of dissipative components for excellent thermal performance. Standard features include isolated remote on/off(positive or negative),remote sense, output voltage adjustment, over voltage, over current and over temperature protection.Parallel operation is also optional.

# 2. DC-DC Converter Features

- 400W Isolated Output
- Efficiency (at full load) up to 90%
- Regulated Output
- Fixed Switching Frequency
- Input Under/Over Voltage Lockout Protection
- Over Current Protection
- Isolated remote On/Off
- Continuous Short Circuit Protection
- Industry Standard Full-Brick Package
- Fully Isolated to 1500V<sub>DC</sub>



# 4. Technical Specifications

(All specifications are typical at nominal input,full load at 25°C unless otherwise noted.)

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the

data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Input Voltage						
Continuous		24SXX	-0.3		36	VDC
Continuous		48SXX	-0.3		75	VDC
Operating Case Temperature		All	-40		100	$^{\circ}$
Storage Temperature		All	-55		125	$^{\circ}$
Input/Output Isolation Voltage	1 minute	All	1500			VDC

# INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operating Input Voltage		24SXX	9	24	36	V <sub>DC</sub>
Operating input voltage		48SXX	18	48	75	VDC
Input Under Voltage Lockout	t					
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		24SXX	8	8.5	9	VDC
		48SXX	16	17	18	VDC
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		24SXX	6.5	7.5	8.5	VDC
		48SXX	14.5	15.5	16.5	
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage		24SXX		1.0		VDC
		48SXX		1.5		VDC
Input Over Voltage Lockout						T
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		24SXX	37	40	43	V <sub>DC</sub>
- J		48SXX	76	80	84	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		24SXX	39	42	45	VDC
		48SXX	79	83	87	
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage		24SXX		2.0		VDC
, ,		48SXX		3.0		
Maximum Input Current	100% Load,Vin=9VDC	24SXX		52		Α
	100% Load,Vin=18Vpc	48SXX		26		
		24S05		19.05		
		24S12		19.36		
	100% Load V <sub>in</sub> =24V <sub>DC</sub>	24S24		19.19		Α
		24S28		19.19		
Input current at full load		24S48		19.19		
,		48S05		9.36		
		48S12		9.41		
	100% Load V <sub>in</sub> =48V <sub>DC</sub>	48S24		9.28		Α
		48S28		9.27		
		48S48		9.27		



		24S05		600	1500	
		24S12		120	250	
		24S24		120	250	
No-Load Input Current		24S28		120	250	
		24S48		120	250	mA
		48S05		300	800	IIIA
		48S12		60	150	
		48S24		60	150	
		48S28		60	150	
		48S48		60	150	
Inrush Current (I <sup>2</sup> t)		All			1.0	A <sup>2</sup> s
Input Capacitance (External)	added capacitance,<0.7Ω ESR.	24SXX	1000	3300		uF
	added capacitatioe, 50.732 EGIV.	48SXX	330	1000		ui I

# **OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
		Vo=5V	4.92	5.00	5.08	
		Vo=12V	11.82	12.00	12.18	
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=Nominal Vin,Io=Io_max,Tc=25℃	Vo=24V	23.64	24.00	24.36	VDC
		Vo=28V	27.58	28.00	28.42	
		Vo=48V	47.28	48.00	48.72	
Output Voltage Regulation						I
Load Regulation	lo=lo_min to lo_max	All			±0.5	%
Line Regulation	V <sub>in</sub> =low line to high line	All			±0.2	%
Temperature Coefficient	T <sub>C</sub> =-40°C to 100°C	All			±0.03	%/℃
Output Voltage Ripple and N	Noise					
		Vo=5V			100	
	20MHz bandwidth,Full load,10uF tantalum and	Vo=12V			120	
Peak-to-Peak	1.0uF ceramic capacitors (48V:10uF aluminum and 1.0uF ceramic capacitors)	Vo=24V			240	mV
		Vo=28V			280	
Peak-to-Peak		Vo=48V			480	
		Vo=5V			40	
	20MHz bandwidth,Full load,10uF solid tantalum	Vo=12V			60	
RMS	and 1.0uF ceramic capacitors (48V:10uF aluminum	Vo=24V			100	mV
	and 1.0uF ceramic capacitors)	Vo=28V			100	
		Vo=48V			120	
		Vo=5V	0		80	
		Vo=12V	0		33.3	
Operating Output Current Range		Vo=24V	0		16.7	Α
		Vo=28V	0		14.3	
		Vo=48V	0		8.3	
Output DC Current Limit Inception	Output Voltage=90% Nominal Output Voltage	All	110		150	%



PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Capacitance	Full load (resistive)	Vo=5V	680		10000	uF
		Vo=12V	330		10000	
		Vo=24/28V	330		4700	
		Vo=48V	100		10000 10000 uF	
Output Capacitance Power Good Signal (IOG)	Vout ready: low level, sink current	All			20	mA
	Vout not ready:open drain output,applied voltage	All			50	V

# **DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		
Output Voltage Current Transient								
Step Change in Output Current	d <sub>i</sub> /d₁=0.1A/us,Load change from 75% to 100% to	5V		±5	±8	%		
Step Change in Output Current	75% of lo,max	Others		±3 ±5 500 75	70			
Setting Time (within 1% Vout nominal)	dı/dı=0.1A/us	All			500	us		
Turn-On Delay and Rise Tim	ne							
Turn-On Delay Time, From On/Off Control	V <sub>on/off</sub> to 10%V <sub>o_set</sub>	All			75	ms		
Turn-On Delay Time, From Input	Vin_min to 10%Vo_set	All			250	ms		
Output Voltage Rise Time	10%Vo_set to 90%vo_set	All			50	ms		

# **EFFICIENCY**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
		24S05		87.5		
		24S12		86		
		24S24		87		
	24S05 87.5 24S12 86					
100% Load		24S48		86.5		%
100% Load		48S05		89		70
		48S12		88.5		
		48S24		89		
		48S28		90		
		48S48		89		

# ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Isolation Voltage	1 minute;input/output,input/case,output/case input/remote,output/remote	All			1500	VDC
Isolation Resistance		All	10			МΩ
Isolation Capacitance		All		4000		pF

# FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Switching Frequency		All		230		KHz	
On/Off Control,Negative Ren	mote On/Off						
Module Off	Floating	All	0		0.01	mA	
Module On		All	1.0		10	mA	
On/Off Control,Positive Remote On/Off (Models with part number suffix"P")							
Module Off		All	1.0		10	mA	



PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Module On	Floating	All	0		0.01	mA
Auxiliary Output Voltage		AUX	7	10	13	V
Auxiliary Output Current		AUX			20	mA
Load Share Accuracy	only for the module(12/24/28/48V) with	5V	-	-	-	-
(50%-100% load)	parallel control function	All 0 0.0.0  AUX 7 10 1  AUX 7 10 1  AUX 7 10 1  AUX 2  Indiciple (12/24/28/48V) with 5V	10	%		
Off Converter Input Current	Shutdown input idle current	All			50	mA
	V <sub>in</sub> =high line-low line,P <sub>out</sub> =max rated power, l <sub>out</sub> =max rated current	Others	-20		+10	
Output Valtage Trips	Vin=9-13V for 24S24,24S28, 24S48 Vin=18-22V for 48S24,48S28,48S48 lout=max rated current	Vo=28V	-20		0	
Load Share Accuracy (50%-100% load)  Off Converter Input Current  Shutdown input idle current  Vin=high line-low line,Pout=max rated power, lout=max rated current  Vin=9-13V for 24\$24,24\$28, 24\$48 Vin=18-22V for 48\$24,48\$28,48\$48 lout=max rated current  Vin=13-36V,Pout=max rated power,lout=max rated current  Vin=22-75V,Pout=max rated power,lout=max rated current	24S28	-20		+10	%	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48S28	-20		+10	
Output Over Voltage Protection		All	115	125	140	%
Over-Temperature Shutdown		All		110		$^{\circ}$

# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
MTBF	l₀=100% of l₀_max:Ta=25°C per MIL-HDBK-217F	All		340		K hours
Weight		All		220		grams



# 5. Main Features and Functions

# 5.1 Operating Temperature Range

The CFDFR400 series converters can be operated within a wide case temperature range of -40°C to 100°C. Consideration must be given to the de-rating curves when ascertaining maximum power that can be drawn from the converter. The maximum power drawn from full brick models is influenced by usual factors, such as:

- Input voltage range
- Output load current
- •Forced air or natural convection

### 5.2 Output Voltage Adjustment

Section 6.8 describes in detail how to trim the output voltage with respect to its set point. The output voltage on all models is adjustable within the range of 80% to 110%.

#### 5.3 Over Current Protection

The converter is protected against over current or short circuit conditions. At the instance of current-limit inception, the module enters a constant current mode of operation. While the fault condition exists, the module will remain in this constant current mode, and can remain in this mode until the fault is cleared. The unit operates normally once the output current is reduced back into its specified range.

#### 5.4 Output Overvoltage Protection

The converter is protected against output over voltage conditions. When the output voltage is higher than the specified range, the module enters a hiccup mode of operation.

#### 5.5 Remote On/Off

The on/off input pins permit the user to turn the power module on or off via a system signal from the primary side or the secondary side. All models are available in "negative logic" (standard)and "positive logic" (optional) versions. Negative logic turns the module on as long as a current (1-10mA) is flowing between +on/off and -on/off and inactive when no current is flowing (floating). Models with part number suffix "P" are the "positive logic" remote on/off version. Positive logic turns the module off as long as a current (1-10mA) is flowing between +on/off and -on/off and active when no current is flowing (floating), the modul e will turn on.

# 5.6 UVLO/OVLO (Under/Over voltage Lock Out)

Input under/over voltage lockout is standard with this converter. At input voltages below/beyond the input under voltage lockout limit, the module operation is disabled.

#### 5.7 Over Temperature Protection

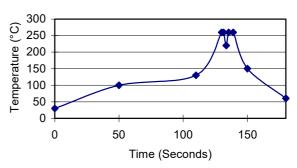
These modules have an over temperature protection circuit to safeguard against thermal damage. When the case temperature rises above over temperature shutdown threshold, the converter will shut down to protect it from overheating. The module will automatically restart after it cools down.

# 6. Applications

# 6.1 Recommended Layout, PCB Footprint and Soldering Information

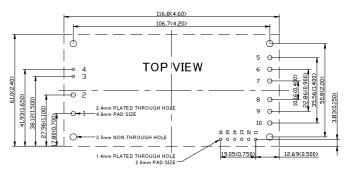
The system designer or end user must ensure that metal and other components in the vicinity of the converter meet the spacing requirements for which the system is approved.Low resistance and inductance PCB layout traces are the norm and should be used where possible.Due consideration must also be given to proper low impedance tracks between power module,input and output grounds.The recommended soldering profile and PCB layout are shown below.

Lead Free Wave Soldering Profile



#### Note:

- 1. Soldering Materials: Sn/Cu/Ni
- 2. Ramp up rate during preheat:1.4℃/Sec (From 50℃ to 100℃)
- 3. Soaking temperature:0.5 $^{\circ}$ C/Sec (From 100 $^{\circ}$ C to 130 $^{\circ}$ C),60±20 seconds
- 4. Peak temperature:260°C,above 250°C 3~6 Seconds
- 5. Ramp up rate during cooling:-10.0℃/Sec (From 260℃ to 150℃)



Recommend PCB Pad layout

# **CFDFR400 Series**

# DC/DC CONVERTER



# 6.2 Convection Requirements for Cooling

To predict the approximate cooling needed for the full brick module,refer to the power de-rating curves in section 6.4. These de-rating curves are approximations of the ambient temperatures and airflows required to keep the power module temperature below its maximum rating. Once the module is assembled in the actual system, the module's temperature should be monitored to ensure it does not exceed  $100\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  as being measured at the

center of the top of the cass (thus verifying proper cooling).

#### 6.3 Thermal Considerations

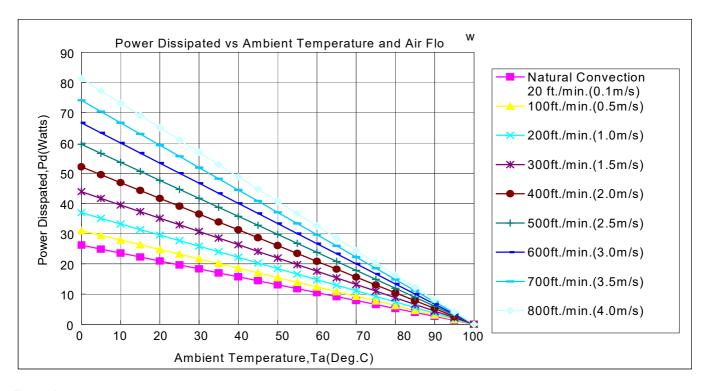
The power module operates in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should be provided to help ensure reliable operation of the unit. Heat is removed by conduction, convection, and radiation to the surrounding environment. The test data is presented in section 6.4. The power output of the module should not be allowed to exceed rated power ( $V_{o \text{ set}} \times I_{o \text{ max}}$ ).



#### 6.4 Power De-rating

The operating case temperature range of CFDFR400 series is -40  $^{\circ}$ C to +100  $^{\circ}$ CWhen operating the CFDFR400 series,proper de-rating or cooling is needed. The maximum case temperature under any operating condition should not be exceeded 100  $^{\circ}$ C

The following curve is the de-rating curve of CFDFR400 se ries without heat sink.



#### Example:

#### Solution:

Given:Vin=48VDC,Vo=24VDC,Io=16.7A

Determine Power dissipation(Pd):

 $P_d=P_i-P_o=P_o(1-\eta)/\eta$ 

Pd=24×16.7×(1-0.9)/0.9=44.5Watts

Determine airflow:

Given:Pd =44.5W and Ta=40°C

Check above Power de-rating curve:

minimum airflow=700 ft./min.

Verifying:The maximum temperature rise ∧T=P<sub>d</sub>×

Rca=44.5×1.23=54.7°C

The maximum case temperature  $T_c$ = $T_a$ + $\triangle T$ =94.7 $^{\circ}$ C<100 $^{\circ}$ C

Where: The Rca is thermal resistance from case to ambience.

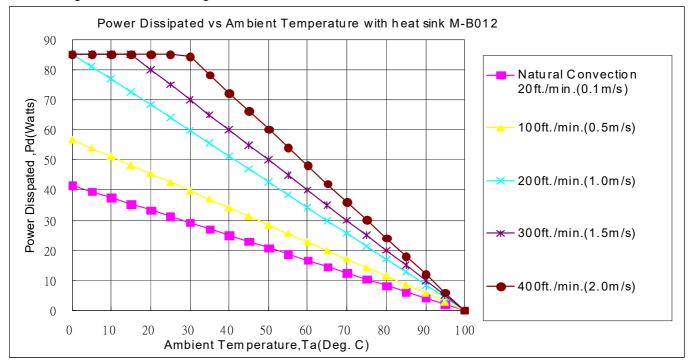
The  $T_a$  is ambient temperature and the  $T_c$  is case temperature.

Chart of Thermal Resistance vs Air Flow

AIR FLOW RATE	TYPICAL R <sub>ca</sub>
Natural Convection 20ft./min.(0.1m/s)	3.82℃/W
100 ft./min.(0.5m/s)	3.23℃/W
200 ft./min.(1.0m/s)	2.71℃/W
300 ft./min.(1.5m/s)	2.28℃/W
400 ft./min.(2.0m/s)	1.92℃/W
500 ft./min. (2.5m/s)	1.68℃/W
600 ft./min. (3.0m/s)	1.5℃/W
700 ft./min. (3.5m/s)	1.35℃/W
800 ft./min. (4.0m/s)	1.23℃/W



The following curve is the de-rating curve of CFDFR400 series with heat sink M-B012.



Forced Convection Power De-rating with Heat Sink M-B012

#### Example:

What is the minimum airflow necessary for a CFDFR400-48S24 operating at nominal line, an output current of 16.7A, and a maximum ambient temperature of  $40\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

Solution:

Given: V<sub>in</sub>=48V<sub>DC</sub>,Vo=24V<sub>DC</sub>,Io=16.7A Determine Power dissipation (P<sub>d</sub>):

 $P_d=P_i-P_o=P_o(1-\eta)/\eta$ 

Pd=24×16.7×(1-0.9)/0.9=44.5Watts (Chart of Thermal

Resistance vs Air Flow)

Determine airflow:

Given:Pd=44.5W and Ta=40°C

Check above Power de-rating curve:

minimum airflow= 200 ft./min.

Verifying:The maximum temperature rise △T=Pd×Rca=44.5×1.17=52.1℃

The maximum case temperature  $T_c=T_a+\triangle T=92.1^{\circ}C<100^{\circ}C$ 

Where: The Rca is thermal resistance from case to ambience.

The T<sub>a</sub> is ambient temperature and the T<sub>c</sub> is case temperature.

AIR FLOW RATE	TYPICAL R <sub>ca</sub>
Natural Convection 20ft./min.(0.1m/s)	2.4℃/W
100 ft./min.(0.5m/s)	1.76℃/W
200 ft./min.(1.0m/s)	1.17℃/W
300 ft./min.(1.5m/s)	1.0℃/W
400 ft./min.(2.0m/s)	0.83℃/W

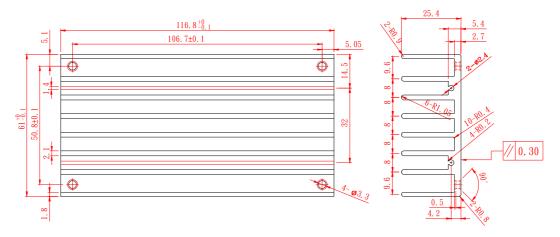


#### 6.5 Full Brick Heat Sinks:

#### All Dimension In mm

#### Heat-sink M-B012

# Longitudinal Fins



Heat Sink (Clear Mounting Inserts Φ3.3mm Through):116.8\*61\*25.4(M-B012) (G6620090204) Thermal PAD:SR60\*115.8\*0.23 (G6135013070)

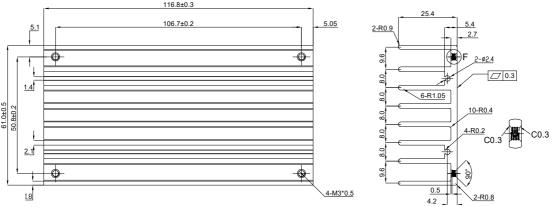
Screw:M3\*20L (G75A1300052)

Nut: NH+WOM3\*P0.5N(G75A2440392)

#### Heat-sink M-C997

#### All Dimension In mm

# Longitudinal Fins



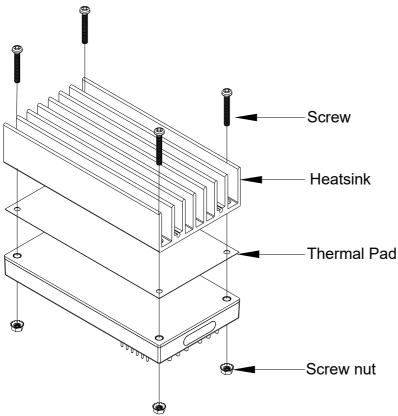
Heat Sink (Mounting Inserts M3\*0.5 Through):116.8\*61\*25.4(M-C997) (G6620980201) Thermal PAD:SR60\*115.8\*0.23 (G6135013070)

Screw:M3\*20L (G75A1300052) Washer:WS3.2N (G75A47A0752)

AIR FLOW RATE	TYPICAL R <sub>ca</sub>		
Natural Convection 20ft./min. (0.1m/s)	2.4 °C/W		
100 ft./min.(0.5m/s)	1.76 °C/W		
200 ft./min.(1.0m/s)	1.17 °C/W		
300 ft./min.(1.5m/s)	1.00 °C/W		
400 ft./min.(2.0m/s)	0.83 °C/W		



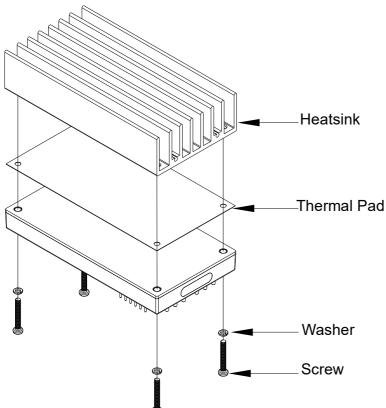




Heat Sink: M-B012

Thermal PAD: SR60\*115.8\*0.23 (G6135013070)

Screw: M3\*20L (G75A1300052) Nut: NH+WOM3\*P0.5N(G75A2440392)



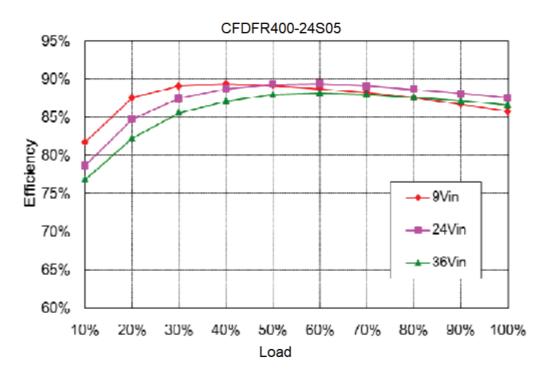
Heat Sink: M-C997

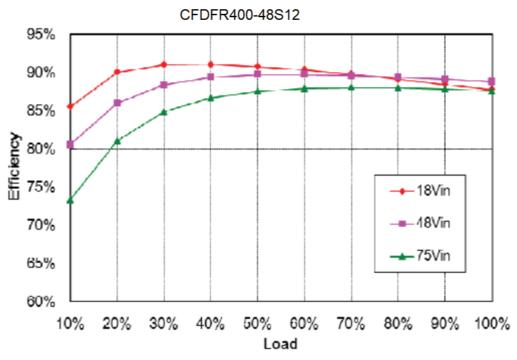
Thermal PAD: SR60\*115.8\*0.23 (G6135013070)

Screw: M3\*20L (G75A1300052) Washer: WS3.2N (G75A47A0752)



# 6.6 Efficiency VS. Load







#### 6.7 Test Set-Up

The basic test set-up to measure parameters such as efficiency and load regulation is shown below. When testing the modules under any transient conditions please ensure that the transient response of the source is sufficient to power the equipment under test. We can calculate:

- Efficiency
- · Load regulation and line regulation.

The value of efficiency is defined as:

$$\eta = \frac{\text{Vo} \times \text{Io}}{\text{Vin} \times \text{Iin}} \times 100\%$$

Where

V<sub>o</sub> is output voltage, I<sub>o</sub> is output current, V<sub>in</sub> is input voltage, I<sub>in</sub> is input current.

The value of load regulation is defined as:

$$Load.reg = \frac{V_{FL} - V_{NL}}{V_{NL}} \times 100\%$$

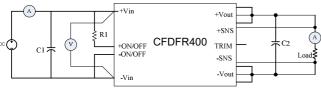
Where:

 $V_{\text{FL}}$  is the output voltage at full load  $V_{\text{NL}}$  is the output voltage at no load

The value of line regulation is defined as:

$$Line.reg = \frac{V_{HL} - V_{LL}}{V_{LL}} \times 100\%$$

Where:VHL is the output voltage of maximum input voltage at full load.VLL is the output voltage of minimum input voltage at full load.



CFDFR400 Series Test Setup

Recommend C1 and C2 Value

CFDFR400-24SXX:C1:1000uF/50V CFDFR400-48SXX:C1:330uF/100V

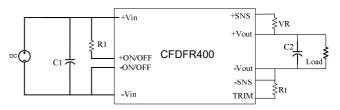
For CFDFR400 series it's necessary to connect the input electrolytic capacitor C1 with low ESR to prevent the effective of input line inductance to the DC/DC converter.

For stable operation, connect a low impedance electrolytic capacitor C2 in the output terminals according to output capacitance items in page 6.. When operated at lower temperature than-20°C

increasing the C2 capacitance with three or four times more than the recommended value.

### 6.8 Output Voltage Adjustment

The Trim input permits the user to adjust the output voltage up or down according to the trim rangespecification(80% to 110% of nominal output). This is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the +Vout and +Sense pin for trim up and between the TRIM and -Sense pin for trim down, see Figure



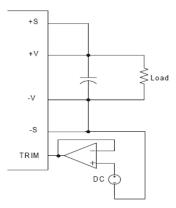
Output voltage trim circuit configuration

The Trim pin should be left open if trimming is not being used. The output voltage can be determined by the following equations:

$$Vf = \frac{1.24 \times (\frac{Rt \times 33}{Rt + 33})}{7.68 + \frac{Rt \times 33}{Rt + 33}}$$

 $Vout=(Vo+VR)\times Vf \\ Unit: K\Omega \\ Vo: Nominal Output Voltage \\ Recommend Rt: 6.8K\Omega$ 

The output voltage can also be adjustment by using external DC voltage

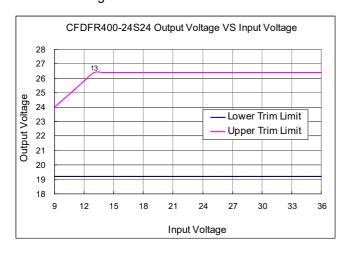


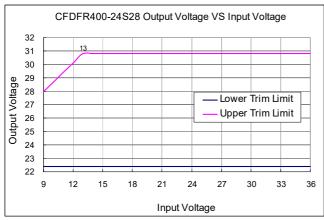
Output Voltage=TRIM Terminal Voltage\*Nominal Output Voltage

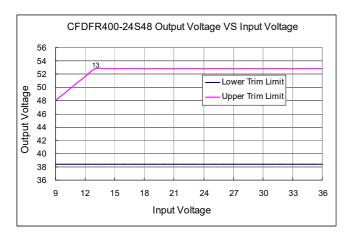
Note: the output voltage can be increased by the remote sense and the trim. The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the voltage at the output terminals multiplied by the output current. When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage

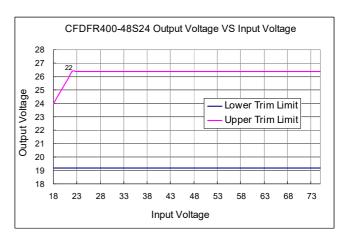


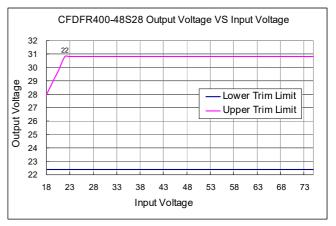
of the module can be increased and consequently increase the power output of the module if output current remains unchanged. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power(Maximum rated power=Vo,setx Io,max) The output voltage on 5V/12V models is adjustable within the range of +10% to -20%. For 24V/28V/48V models, see input/output trim curves for trim up and trim down ranges.

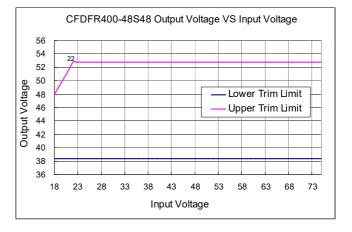














# 6.9 Output Remote Sensing

The CFDFR400 SERIES converter has the capability to remotely sense both lines of its output. This feature moves the effective output voltage regulation point from the output of the unit to the point of connection of the remote sense pins. This feature automatically adjusts the real output voltage of the CFDFR400 series in order to compensate for voltage drops in distribution and maintain a regulated voltage at the point of load. The remote-sense voltage range

 $[(+V_{out})-(-V_{out})]-[(+Sense)-(-Sense)] \le 10\%$  of  $V_{o\_nominal}$  If the remote sense feature is not to be used,the sense pins should be connected locally. The +Sense pin should be connected to the +Vout pin at the module and the -Sense pin should be connected to the -Vout pin at the module.

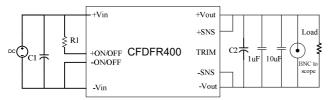
This is shown in the schematic below.



#### Note:

Although the output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and by the trim,the maximum increase for the output voltage is not the sum of both. The maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim. The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the voltage at the output terminals multiplied by the output current. When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module can be increased and consequently increase the power output of the module it output current remains unchanged. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power (Maximum rated power=Vo,set x lo,max)

#### 6.10 Output Ripple and Noise



Output ripple and noise is measured witt 1.0uF ceramic and 10uF solid tantalum capacitors across the output.

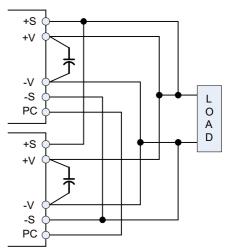
#### 6.11 Output Capacitance

The CFDFR400 series converters provide unconditional stability with or without external capacitors. For good transient response, low ESR output capacitors should be located close to the point of load. PCB design emphasizes low resistance and inductance tracks in consideration of high current applications. Output capacitors with their associated ESR values have an impact on loop stability and bandwidth. The output capacitance is recommended in output capacitance items which need three or four times capacitance when operating below-20°C and the absolute maximum value or CFDFR400 series output capacitance is 10000uF. For values larger than this, please contact your local CHEWINS's representative.

# 6.12 Parallel Operation

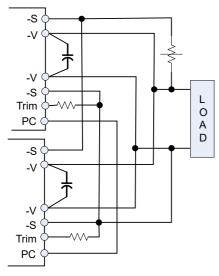
The CFDFR400 series(except 5Vo)are also designed for parallel operation. When paralleled, the load current can be equally shared between the modules by connecting the PC pins together. There are two different parallel operations for CFDFR400W series, one is parallel operation when load can't be supplied by only one power unit; the other is the N+1 redundant operation which is high reliable for load of N units by using N+1 units.

#### (a) parallel operation(except 5Vo)

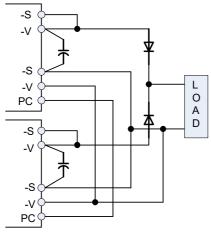


(b) Parallel operation with programmed and adjustable output(except 5Vo)

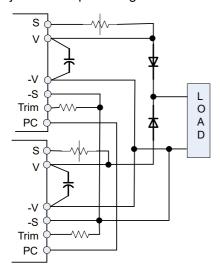




(c) N+1 redundant connection



(d) N+1 redundant connection with programmed output and adjustable output voltage



### 6.13 IOG signal

Normal and abnormal operation of the converter can be monitored by using the I.O.G signal.Output of this signal monitor is located at the secondary side and is open collector output, you can use the signal by the internal aux power supply or the the external DC supply as the following figures. the ground reference is the –sense. For the sink current and voltage rating applied see output characteristic on page 6.



By internal AUX

By external DC supply

This signal is low when the converter is normally operating and high when the converter is disabled or when the converter is abnormally operating.

# 6.14 Auxiliary Power for output signal

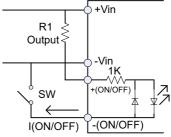
The auxiliary power supply output is within 7-13V with maximum current of 20mA.Ground reference is the – sense Pin.

#### 6.15 On/Off Control

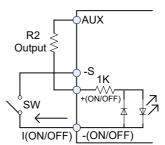
The converter's on/off can be controlled from the input side or the output side.

Output voltage turns on when current is made to through on/off terminals which can be reached by opening or closing the switches. The maximum current through the on/off pin is 10mA, setting the resistor value to avoid the maximum current through the ON/OFF pins.

(A) Controlling the on/off terminal from the input side, recommend R1 value is 12K(1.0W) for 48Vin and 6K(0.5W) for 24Vin.



(B) Controlling the on/off terminal from the output side, Recommend R2 value is 4.3K (0.1W).

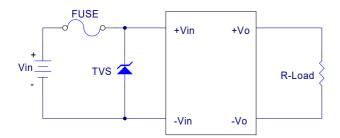




# 7.Safety/EMC

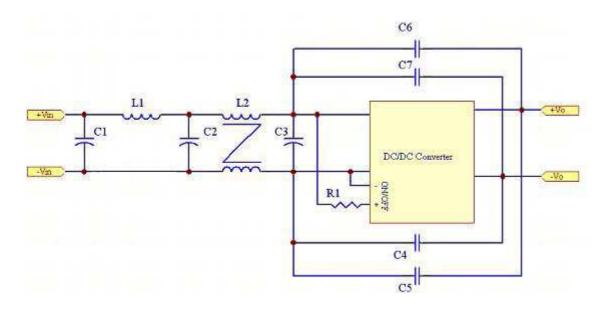
# 7.1 Input Fusing and Safety Considerations

The CFDFR400 series converters have no internal fuse.In order to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse.We recommended a 80A fast blow type fuse for 24V<sub>in</sub> models, and 40A for 48V<sub>in</sub> models. It is recommended that the circuit have a transient voltage suppressor diode(TVS) across the input terminal to protect the unit against surge or spike voltage and input reverse voltage (as shown).



#### 7.2 EMC Considerations

Suggested Circuits for Conducted EMI CLASS A



#### (1) EMI and conducted noise meet EN55022 Class A specifications:

Model No.	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	L1	L2	R1
CFDFR400-24S12	NC	470uF/50V	1000uF/50V	2200pF/2KV	NC	NC	NC	Short	200uH RM8 SM100	9.1K
CFDFR400-48S48	330uF/100V	330uF/100V	330uF/100V	NC	NC	NC	NC	1uH SPI-13050-1R0	1.5mH CM20*12*10	9.1K

Note:470uF/50V,1000uF/50V NIPPON CHEMI-CON KY series aluminum capacitors,330uF/100V NIPPON CHEMI-CON KMF series aluminum capacitors and C4 ceramic capacitors.

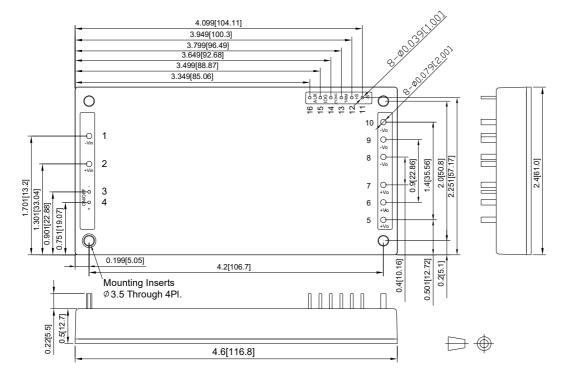


# 8. Mechanical Specifications

All Dimensions In Inches(mm) Pin DIA

Tolerances Inches:.XX±0.02 .XXX±0.01 ±0.004

Millimeters:.X±0.5 .XX±0.25 ±0.1



PIN NUMBER	FUNCTION
1	-Vin
2	+Vin
3	-ON/OFF
4	+ON/OFF
5 - 7	+Vo
8 - 10	-Vo
11	-S
12	+S
13	TRIM
14	PC/NC
15	IOG
16	AUX

CFDFR400 Mechanical Outline Diagram



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